ANALYTICAL RESEARCH PROJECTS

Basic Elements of Analytical Research and Writing



Overview

- Project types
- Choosing a topic
- Identifying audience
- Conducting research
- Organization and format



Project Types

Argumentative:

- Clearly defined topic.
- Clearly defined thesis statement (stance).
- Goal: Persuade audience.
 - Example: Martha Schwartz is the most influential contemporary American landscape architect.
- Must support thesis with proof (data) and sound reasoning.





Project Types

Analytical:

- Clearly defined topic.
- Research question rather than thesis.
- Goal: Explore and evaluate topic.
 - Example: Given Martha Schwartz's influence on contemporary American landscape architecture, what are her major design inspirations and precedents?
- Must conduct thorough research and explore various sources to try to answer question.





Choosing a Topic

- Consider assignment requirements.
- Consider due dates, your schedule, priorities.
- Determine interest choose a topic that fulfills assignment requirements and that interests you.
- Conduct preliminary research



Identifying Audience

Important questions:

- Who are they?
- What do they need, expect?
- Where will they be reading?
- When will they be reading?
- Why will they be reading?
- How will they be reading?



Identifying Audience

Primary audience:

Gatekeepers, instructor, faculty, etc.

Secondary audience:

Peers, colleagues, coworkers, etc.

Shadow audience:

Others who may read the paper: blog readers, readers of online magazines, etc.



Conducting Research

Preliminary research:

- To save time, use your library's website to find related sources.
- Some sources may have an electronic copy available, while other sources you will have find on the shelves and check out

Search All

Books & Media

Course Reserves

Articles

Website

Find Articles, Books, Media, Journals, Collections & Archives

Search

Examples: Neil Armstrong, Engineering, etc.

Browse: Catalogs Databases Online Journals

Advanced Search



Conducting Research

Other sources:

Secondary sources:

- 1. Materials provided by your instructor
- 2. Professional publications
- 3. Credible Websites

 2
 1
 2
 3

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Find Articles, Books, Media, Journals, Collections & Archives

Search

Examples: Neil Armstrong, Engineering, etc.

Browse: Catalogs Databases Online Journals

Advanced Search



Conducting Research

Other sources:

Primary sources:

- Interviews
- Observations
- Experiments

Use the Purdue OWL to help you conduct primary research:

https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/559/1/



Paper Organization: Introduction

How to write the introduction:

What is the purpose of the paper? Argumentative or Analytical?

- For argumentative—What is your thesis?
- For analytical—What are your research questions?

Audience (optional)—Is the audience familiar with topic, terms?

Research methods—How did you find your information?

Findings and conclusions.

Forecast organization of document.



Paper Organization: Body, Ref., Appendix

Basic organization:

- Section 1—Introduce and explain topic.
- Section 2—Discuss history, background; set the context.
- Section 3—Discuss research methods.
- Section 4—Discuss research findings.
- Section 5—Conclusions
- Works Cited/Reference List
- Appendix



THANK YOU

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