## Conquering the Comma



#### What is a Comma?

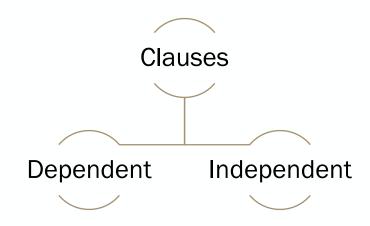
- A comma is a punctuation mark that indicates a break is needed in a sentence.
- Commas help to clarify meaning for the reader.





#### Clauses and Phrases

 A clause is a group of words that contains both a subject and a verb that complement each other.



 A phrase is a group of words that does not contain a subject or a verb that complement each other.



## Sentence Structure: Independent Clauses

- A complete sentence has at least two components, a subject and a verb.
- The <u>subject</u> and <u>verb</u> must form a complete thought to be considered an independent clause.

The couple dances.
subject (S) verb (V)



## Sentence Structure: Compound Sentences

- Compound Sentence: a sentence that contains two independent clauses joined by a coordinating conjunction.
- A conjunction joins words, phrases, and clauses together in a sentence.
- Consider the following acronym to help remember conjunctions:

#### For And Nor But Or Yet So



## Sentence Structure: Compound Sentences

 The comma in a compound sentence is placed before the coordinating conjunction.

S V
Andy built a snowman, and S V
Jeff played with his dog.



## Sentence Structure: Compound Sentences

S V
Dan struggled with his homework, so S V
his father helped him.



## Sentence Structure: Dependent Phrases

- A dependent clause contains a subject and verb, but the clause cannot stand independently.
- Dependent clauses can often be identified by the use of dependent clause markers:
  - Because

Though

o Since

Although

When

o Unless

o While

After

o Until

o Before

o If

Once

o As

Whether



## Sentence Structure: Dependent Phrases

- Dependent phrases and clauses help to clarify and add detail to an independent clause.
- Dependent clauses may appear at the **beginning**, **middle**, or **end** of a sentence.



## Sentence Structure: Introductory Clauses

 When a dependent clause is placed at the beginning of a sentence, place a comma between the independent clause and the dependent clause.

Dep. clause S V
Before he took the test, Dan struggled with this

Conj. S V homework, so his father helped him.



## Introductory Clause

Where would you place the comma in the following example?

S V

Because it was raining we decided to go to the movies.

Intro Clause S V
Because it was raining, we decided to go to the movies.



## Dependent Clauses

 When a dependent clause is located after an independent clause, do not place a comma between the two.

S V Dependent Clause

We decided to go to the movies because we were bored.



#### Essential Phrases and Clauses

- An essential clause or phrase is used to modify a noun. It adds information that is critical to the meaning of the sentence.
- Essential clauses are not set off by commas.

S essential phrase V
The people who work in my office are loud.



#### Essential Phrases and Clauses

• The word "that" is almost always an indicator of an essential phrase or clause.

S essential V
The tiramisu that I had at Joe's was great.



#### Non-essential Phrases and Clauses

A **nonessential clause** or phrase adds extra information to a sentence. This information can be eliminated from the sentence without influencing the meaning of the sentence.

Always place commas around nonessential phrases and clauses.

S non-essential V
My brother, who lives across town, plans to throw a party.



#### Non-essential Phrases and Clauses

Use commas to set off additional information:

S V
Steve said that he would propose to me on non-essential
Valentine's Day, which is my favorite holiday.



#### Comma Practice

Would you place commas in the following sentences? If so, where?

- I am planning a trip to Paris which is one of the greatest cities in the world.
- The place that I would most like to see is the Eiffel Tower.
- Pierre, who is one of my business contacts, will meet me at the airport.



#### Sentence Structure: Commas in a Series

- Place commas in a sentence to divide items in a list.
- The commas will help the reader to avoid confusion.
- The comma before the conjunction is generally required, but it can be omitted if there is no possibility of confusion.



#### Sentence Structure: Commas in a Series

Consider the difference in the following:

- Last month, Alex dated Mary Ann Lee and Kim.
- Last month, Alex dated Mary, Ann, Lee, and Kim.
- Last month, Alex dated Mary Ann, Lee, and Kim.

How many women did Alex date?



#### Sentence Structure: Commas in a Series

- Commas should be placed in series of words, phrases, or clauses.
- Place commas in the following sentences:
  - Martina brushed her hair put on her pajamas and went to bed.
  - She fell asleep and dreamed that she was a princess she kissed a frog and she rescued her prince.



## Commas with Adjectives

Use commas to separate adjectives that provide an equal description of a noun. The test:

- Can you put "and" between the adjectives?
- Can they be described in reverse order?
- If yes, use a comma.

#### Big blue house | Three hungry kittens | A cranky, bald man



## A Common Error: The Comma Splice

 A comma splice is an error in which two independent clauses are joined by a comma.

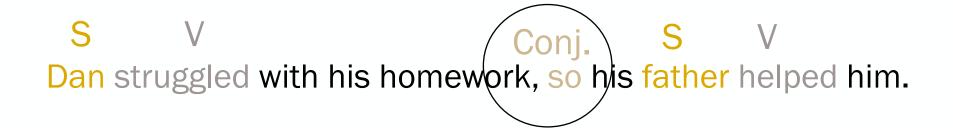
S V S V

Dan struggled with his homework, his father helped him.



## To Correct a Comma Splice

Ways to consider correcting



S V
Dan struggled with his homework. His father helped him.

S V
Dan struggled with his homework; his father helped him.



## To Correct a Comma Splice

How would you correct the following?

- 1. This semester I am taking calculus physics and economics.
- 2. Calculus is my best subject, I am certain I will get an A.
- 3. Although I am very busy, I still find time to have fun.
- 4. Last weekend my brother visited me and we went to a football game a party and a rock concert.



## To Correct a Comma Splice

Sample Revisions (Not the Only Way!)

- 1. Original: This semester I am taking calculus physics and economics.

  Possible correction: This semester I am taking calculus, physics, and economics.

  (This adds commas to separate the items in the list for clarity.)
- 2. Original: Calculus is my best subject, I am certain I will get an A.

  Possible correction: Calculus is my best subject, and I am certain I will get an A.

  (One way to address the comma splice is by adding a coordinating conjunction.)
- 3. Original: Although I am very busy, I still find time to have fun.

  No correction needed: This sentence is already grammatically acceptable as is.
- **4. Original:** Last weekend my brother visited me and we went to a football game a party and a rock concert.
  - **Possible correction:** Last weekend, my brother visited me, and we went to a football game, a party, and a rock concert.



# Thank You

Purdue University On-Campus Writing Lab Krach Leadership Center (2<sup>nd</sup> Floor)

Web: <a href="http://owl.purdue.edu">http://owl.purdue.edu</a>

Phone: (765) 494-3723

