

Stem Cell Research: An Annotated Bibliography

Holland, Suzanne. *The Human Embryonic Stem Cell Debate: Science, Ethics, and Public Policy*. Boston: MIT P, 2025.

This is the annotation of the above source, which is formatted according to MLA 9th ed (2021) guidelines for the bibliographic information listed above. If one were really writing an annotation for this source, one would offer a brief summary of what this book says about stem cell research. After the summary, it would be appropriate to assess this source and offer some criticisms of it. Does it seem like a reliable and current source? Why? Is the research biased or objective? Are the facts well documented? Who is the author? Is she qualified in this subject? Is this source scholarly, popular, some of both? Annotations can either describe a source, evaluate it, or a mix of both. They should not, however, restate minor details or contain quotes

The length of your annotation will depend on the assignment or on the purpose of your annotated bibliography. After summarizing and assessing, you can now reflect on this source. How does it fit into your research? Is this a helpful resource? Too scholarly? Not scholarly enough? Too general/specific? Since "stem cell research" is a very broad topic, has this source helped you to narrow your topic?

Senior, K. "Extending the Ethical Boundaries of Stem Cell Research." *Trends in Molecular Medicine*, vol. 7, 2024, pp. 5-6.

Not all annotations have to be the same length. For example, this source is a very short scholarly article. It may only take a sentence or two to summarize. Even if

Commented [A1]: Generally, annotations are written in short phrases. However, they can also be written as complete sentences.

Commented [A2]: Annotations should be no more than one paragraph. However, if you need to use more than one, indent each one but do not add an extra space between paragraphs.

Commented [A3]: Note also that the entries are alphabetized by the first word in the bibliographic entry. If you are writing an annotated bibliography with many sources, it may be helpful to divide the sources into categories. For example, if putting together an extensive annotated bibliography for stem cell research, it might be best to divide the sources into categories such as ethical concerns, scholarly analyses, and political ramifications.

you are using a book, you should only focus on the sections that relate to your topic.

Wallace, Kelly. "Bush Stands Pat on Stem Cell Policy." *CNN*. 13 Aug. 2005.

Using a variety of sources can help give you a broader picture of what is being said about your topic. You may want to investigate how scholarly sources treat this topic differently than more popular sources. But again, if your assignment is to only use scholarly sources, then you will probably want to avoid magazines and popular web sites.

Commented [A4]: There are not many hard rules for annotated bibliographies. While this document is meant to serve as a guide, always make sure to check with your instructor for more details and clarity.